CORONAVIRUS DISEASE 2019 (COVID-19)

DAILY EPIDEMIOLOGY UPDATE

Updated: 5 June 2020, 11:00 ET

94 070 CONFIRMED CASES

629

NEW CASES

52 114 (55%) RECOVERED

48 547
PEOPLE TESTED
PER 1 000 000

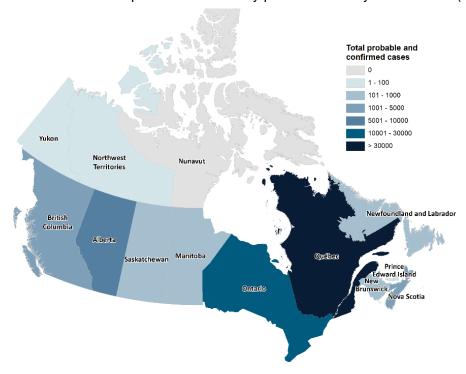
7 652 (8%)
DEATHS

5%
PERCENT POSITIVE (CUMULATIVE)

KEY UPDATES

- The number of new cases reported daily continues to decline
- The majority of cases (87%) and deaths (95%) continue to be reported from Quebec and Ontario
- Prince Edward Island, Yukon, and Northwest Territories have not reported a new case in over 14 days; Nunavut has not reported any cases to date.
- No new deaths were reported in eight jurisdictions in the past 24 hours

Figure 1. Map of COVID-19 cases reported in Canada by province/territory as of 5 June (n=94 057*)



Data source: P/T websites. Map from NML Geomatics

^{*}The total excludes 13 repatriated travellers.

NATIONAL OVERVIEW

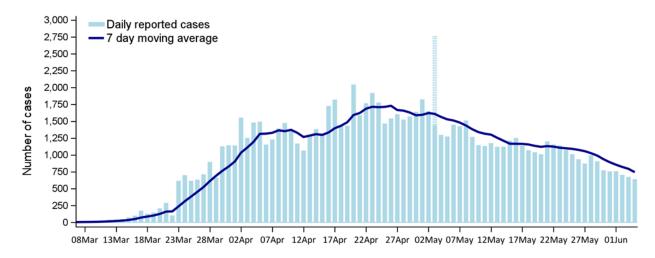
- In the past 24 hours:
 - o fewer than five cases were reported in Saskatchewan and New Brunswick
 - o no new cases were reported in Manitoba, Newfoundland and Labrador, Nova Scotia, Prince Edward Island, Yukon, Northwest Territories and Nunavut
- A decreasing trend in daily cases reported nationally:
 - o daily case counts over the past 7 days are **27.5% lower** than the 7 days prior (Figure 2)
- A decreasing trend in the number of new deaths being reported:
 - o no new deaths were reported in eight jurisdictions
 - daily reported deaths over the past 7 days are 18.0% lower than the 7 days prior (Figure 3)
 - o the majority of deaths (95%) were reported in Quebec (4 885) and Ontario (2 372)

Table 1. Summary of COVID-19 cases reported in Canada by location as of 5 June 11:00 ET

Location	Total cases	New cases reported in past 24 hours	Recovered	% Recovered	Total deaths	New deaths reported in past 24 hours
BC	2 632	9	2 265	86%	166	0
AB	7 091	15	6 611	93%	146	1
SK	648	1	608	94%	11	0
MB	298	0	284	95%	7	0
ON	29 747	344	23 583	79%	2 372	15
QC	52 143	259	17 336	33%	4 885	91
NL	261	0	256	98%	3	0
NB	136	1	120	88%	1	1
NS	1 058	0	995	94%	61	1
PE	27	0	27	100%	0	0
YK	11	0	11	100%	0	0
NT	5	0	5	100%	0	0
NU	0	0	0	0%	0	0
Total*	94 070	629	52 114	55%	7 652	109

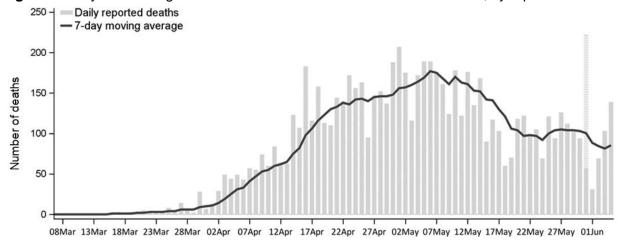
^{*} Includes 13 cases identified in repatriated travellers (Grand Princess cruise ship travellers) who were under quarantine in Trenton in March 2020. Update on their status is not available.

Figure 2. Daily and average number of reported COVID-19 cases in Canada, by reported date



Note: The 7-day moving average is a trend indicator that captures the arithmetic mean of the daily reported cases over the previous seven days. The moving average helps smooth out day-to-day variability in reporting, filtering out the "noise" of short term fluctuations. The hatched blue bar corresponds to the 1 317 cases reported by Quebec on 3 May, that were originally detected over the period 2 to 30 April (excluded from moving average calculation).

Figure 3. Daily and average number of COVID-19 related deaths in Canada, by reported date



Note: The 7-day moving average is a trend indicator that captures the arithmetic mean of the daily reported deaths over the previous seven days. The moving average helps smooth out day-to-day variability in reporting, filtering out the "noise" of short term fluctuations. The hatched grey bar corresponds to 165 additional deaths reported by Quebec on 31 May that occurred before 23 May.

PHAC receives detailed case from provinces and territories. The epidemiology update is based on information received for 92 704 cases. Not all data fields are complete, only cases with data available are included. Data presented are as of 5 June at 11:00 (ET).

DEMOGRAPHIC DISTRIBUTION

- Those aged 60 years and over comprise 36% of cases
 - o The smallest proportion of cases are those ≤ 19 years of age (7%)
- Fifty-seven percent (57%) of cases are females
 - o Among those aged 80 years and over, 69% of cases are female

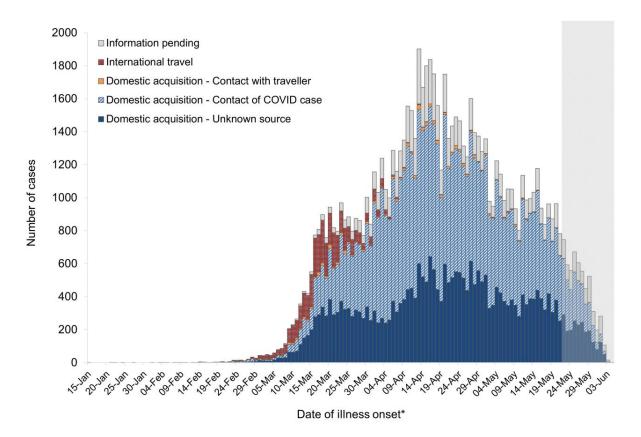
Table 2. Demographic characteristics of COVID-19 cases reported in Canada as of 4 June

Age (in years)		
Median	51	
Range	0-112	
Age groups	n=92 58	85
≤ 19	6 051	(7%)
20-39	24 516	(26%)
40-59	28 556	(31%)
60-79	16 407	(18%)
80+	17 055	(18%)
Gender	n=92 3	95
Female	52 491	(57%)
Male	39 890	(43%)
Other	14	(0%)

TEMPORAL DISTRIBUTION BY EXPOSURE CATEGORY

• Of the **90 445** cases with information on exposure provided, **3 880** cases (4%) reported having travelled outside of Canada, **44 318** (49%) cases were due to exposure in Canada to either a known COVID-19 case or to someone who had travelled; **9 861** (11%) have information pending

Figure 4. Reported COVID-19 cases in Canada, by date of illness onset* and exposure as of 4 June (n=85 992**)



^{*}When date of illness onset is not available, the earliest date of the following dates was used as an estimate the following order: Specimen Collection Date and Laboratory Testing Date. Cases that do not include any of these date types have been excluded from the curve.

^{**} The n includes those with available information on date of illness onset <u>and</u> exposure

Note: The shaded area represents a period of time (lag time) where it is expected that cases have occurred but have not yet been reported nationally.

LABORATORY TESTING

Over **1 824 857 people** have been tested for COVID-19 in Canada (Table 3). This corresponds to a test rate of **48 547 per million population**.

- the percent positive is **5%**, which represents the number of positive tests to the total number of tests undertaken
- for the week of 24 to 30 May, 202 534 persons were tested and the daily average percent positive over that same period was **3.1%** (Figure 5)

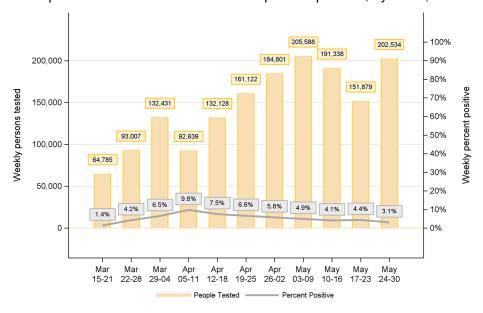
Table 3. Summary of COVID-19 testing reported in Canada by location as of 5 June

Location	Total people tested*	New tests since last report	People tested per 1 000 000 pop'n	
BC	130 103	1 762	25 655	
AB	248 423	3 643	56 830	
SK	45 623	587	38 846	
MB	46 668	635	34 078	
ON	782 597	21 987	53 726	
QC	470 862	7 595	55 494	
NL	12 935	132	24 801	
NB	30 645	375	39 449	
NS	45 709	485	47 055	
PE	7 111	186	45 308	
YK	1 201	5	29 397	
NT	2 083	12	46 469	
NU	821	7	21 171	
Total*	1 824 857	37 411**	48 547	

¥For provinces and territories which report the number of tests completed, mathematical formula is used to estimate the number of unique people tested. * Includes 76 repatriated travellers tested.

Note: Laboratory testing numbers may be underestimated due to reporting delays and may not include additional sentinel surveillance or other testing conducted in the P/T.

Figure 5. Number of persons tested for COVID-19 and percent positive, by week, in Canada



Data source: Provided by the NML, who receives lab testing data from provincial labs

^{**}In the 3 June daily epidemiology report, there was an error in the "New tests since last report" column. The correct total number of tests should have read: 30 112

CASE SEVERITY

Among the **55 441** cases with data on hospitalization status reported:

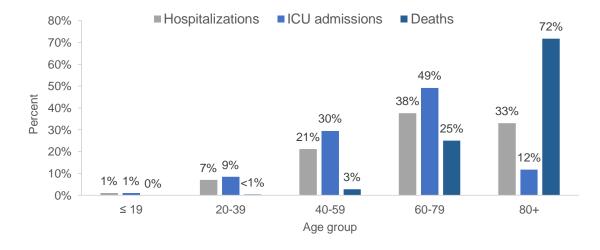
- o **8 798** cases (**16%**) were hospitalized, of whom:
- o 1 738 (20%) were admitted to the ICU, and
- o 427 (5%) required mechanical ventilation

Among the **524** hospitalized cases for which clinical presentation was reported, **383** (73%) reported having one or more pre-existing condition.

Table 4. Severity of COVID-19 cases in Canada as of 4 June

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Case Severity								
Overall Summary Hospitalizations								
Hospitalizations			8 798/55 441		(16%)			
Hospitalizations in ICU		1 738/8 798 (20%)		0%)				
Hospitalizations requiring mechanical ventilation			427/8 798		(5	(5%)		
All Hospitalizations		Admitted to ICU		Deceased				
Age groups								
≤ 19	93	(1%)	19	(1%)	0	(0%)		
20-39	625	(7%)	148	(9%)	22	(<1%)		
40-59	1 844	(21%)	518	(30%)	201	(3%)		
60-79	3 309	(38%)	851	(49%)	1 831	(25%)		
80+	2 924	(33%)	202	(12%)	5 264	(72%)		
Total	8 795	(100%)	1 738	(100%)	7 318	(100%)		
Gender								
Female	4 279	(49%)	673	(39%)	3 939	(54%)		
Male	4 511	(51%)	1 065	(61%)	3 347	(46%)		
Other	1	(<1%)						
Total	8 791	(100%)	1 738	(100%)	7 286	(100%)		

Figure 6. Distribution of COVID-19 cases hospitalized, admitted to ICU and deceased in Canada, by age group, as of 4 June



FLUWATCHERS

<u>FluWatchers</u> is an online health surveillance system that relies on volunteer reports to track spread of flu-like illness across Canada.

In the context of the COVID-19 pandemic, FluWatchers is shifting focus to track COVID-19 symptoms over the spring and summer months.

In the week of May 24 2020, 11 172 participants reported into the FluWatchers program. A total of 17 participants (0.15%) reported cough and fever.

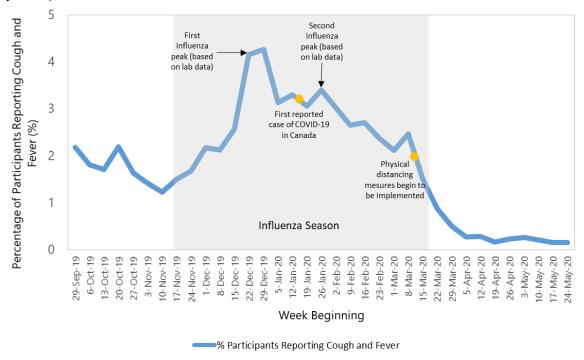
Among the 17 participants reporting cough and fever:

- 10 (59%) sought medical attention
- 7 (42%) were tested
 - o All 7 tests were negative

Additionally, 193 participants (2%) reported having a cough and at least one other symptom* in the week of May 24, 2020. Twelve of these participants reported being tested (9 tests were negative and 3 results were unavailable at the time of reporting).

*sore throat, fatigue/exhaustion, diarrhea/vomiting/stomach ache, joint pain, muscle pain, shortness of breath and headache

Figure 7: Percentage of FluWatchers Participants Reporting Cough and Fever (N=11 172 the week of 24 May 2020)

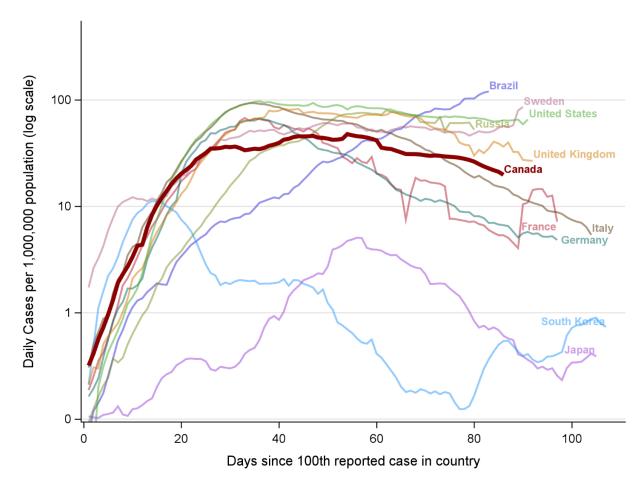


INTERNATIONAL

A summary of the daily cases of COVID-19 in Canada compared to other countries can be seen in **Figure 8**. The chart shows daily cases per 1 000 000 population reported by country, using a 7-day moving average of number of cases.

Up-to-date country-specific risk levels are found on <u>travel health notices</u>. For more information on COVID-19 internationally, please refer to the <u>World Health Organization COVID-19 Situation Report</u>.

Figure 8. Daily cases of COVID-19 in Canada compared to other countries as of 5 June (7-day moving average*, population adjusted)



^{*} The 7-day moving average is a trend indicator that captures the arithmetic mean of the daily reported cases over the previous seven days. The moving average helps smooth out day-to-day variability in reporting, filtering out the "noise" of short term fluctuations.

Note: At this time, results from international comparisons should be interpreted with caution. The number of tests conducted and indications for testing by country all have a large influence on total reported case counts. Therefore, the data displayed does not necessarily represent the true size of outbreak within each country.